VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022

Vermilion County Conservation District Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION Independent Auditor's Report	Page 1-2
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	11
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Assets, Liabilities, & Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis of Governmental Funds to the Net Position of Governmental Activities.	14
Statements of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19-36
OTHER INFORMATION Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	37
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund	38
Detailed Schedule of Expenditures – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund	39

Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – Insurance & Compensation Fund – Major Governmental Fund	40
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – Municipal Retirement Fund – Major Governmental Fund	41
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – FICA Fund – Major Governmental Fund	42
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund – Major Governmental Fund.	43
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	44
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Non-Major Governmental Funds Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, & Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Non-Major Governmental Funds	45
Schedule of Revenues Received, Expenditures Disbursed, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – Non-Major Governmental Funds	46
Schedule of Expenditures – Modified Cash Basis – Non-Major Governmental Funds.	47
OTHER INFORMATION Schedule of Property Tax Information	48
GATA INFORMATION Consolidated Year-End Financial Report	40



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Vermilion County Conservation District Vermilion County, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion County Conservation District, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Vermilion County Conservation District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Vermilion County Conservation District as of March 31, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements secton of our report. We are required to be independent of the Vermilion County Conservation District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1 and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influense the judgment of made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercised professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Vermilion County Conservation District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Vermilion County Conservation Districts' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Vermilion County Conservation District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information, individual major funds and non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information presented on pages 38 and 39, individual major funds and non-major fund financial statements presented on pages 40 through 47, and the GATA information presented on page 49 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information, individual major funds and non-major fund financial statements, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 through 10 and statistical schedules on pages 37 and 48, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Comparative Information

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The prior year summarized comparative information was audited previously and is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it was derived.

Danville, Illinois June 27, 2022

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Vermilion County Conservation District, we offer readers of the Vermilion County Conservation District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, within the limitations of the District's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements that begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Vermilion County Conservation District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,554,512 (net position). Of this amount, \$923,194 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's change in net position on the modified cash basis of accounting was \$1,032,678.
- The Vermilion County Conservation District completed the following projects during fiscal year 2021-2022:
 - Surfaced roads at Forest Glen with asphalt.
 - Replaced the roof on Laury Barn and Atwood House.
 - · Refilled zones to the Lake Mingo Spillway.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, as applicable to the District's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

This annual report consists of the following four parts:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12) provide information about the activities of the District government-wide (or as a whole) and present a longer-term view of the District's finances.
- 2. Fund financial statements. Fund financial statements (starting on page 13) focus on the individual parts of the District's government. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant major fund. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- 3. Notes to financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 36 of this report.
- 4. Supplementary information. The annual report includes optional financial information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, budgetary schedules for nonmajor funds, and budgetary schedules for major funds. The other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the District's annual report. This supplementary information can be found on pages 3 through 10 and pages 38 through 47 of this report.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (cont.)

Report Components (cont.)

5. Other information. This report also presents certain other information concerning the Vermilion County Conservation District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The plan is a defined benefit plan administered and held in trust by the State of Illinois for State Municipalities (Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, or 'IMRF'). This information can be found on page 37 of this report.

Basis of Accounting

The District has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the District's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, and certain related assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows are recorded when they result from cash transactions or events, except for certain modifications, such as the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the District as a Whole

This annual report includes all activities for which Vermilion County Conservation District is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the District's reporting entity, are operated within a legal entity that makes up the primary government.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole. These statements include all the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, as further defined in the notes to the financial statements.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes therein. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the District's net position - the difference among assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the District's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, we report the District's activities:

 Governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the Insurance, IMRF, Audit, FICA (Social Security), and Debt Services. Property taxes and state grants finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (cont.)

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Vermilion County Conservation District, like other local government entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Vermilion County Conservation District can be divided into governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, the Vermilion County Conservation District's governmental fund financial statements focus on modified-cash basis inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's modified-cash basis financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities on pages 14 and 16.*

The Vermilion County Conservation District maintains the general fund as the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Vermilion County Conservation District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. Generally accepted accounting principles require a budgetary comparison statement be provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Schedules for budget versus actual amounts are also provided for the special revenue funds, as well as a breakdown of administrative and operating expenditures in greater detail for the general fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16.

Special Revenue Funds. The Vermilion County Conservation District maintains six different types of special revenue funds. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds include: Insurance and Compensation Fund, Municipal Retirement Fund, FICA Fund, and Debt Service Fund. The Insurance and Compensation Fund, Municipal Retirement Fund, FICA, and Debt Service Fund are considered major governmental funds. The Audit Fund is considered a non-major fund.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Vermilion County Conservation District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The Vermilion County Conservation District has one fiduciary fund type, a Defined Compensation Trust adopted under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Vermilion County Conservation District is not required to make any contributions into the pension plan, but holds the assets in trust for plan participants. The plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (cont.)

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (cont.)

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

The following schedule reflects the condensed net position for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

	Governmental		
	Activ	vities	
	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	1,663,491	1,466,085	
Capital assets, net	7,443,973	6,768,665	
Total assets	9,107,464	8,234,750	
Current liabilities	102,952	162,916	
Noncurrent liabilities	450,000	550,000	
Total liabilities	552,952	712,916	
Net investment in capital assets	6,893,973	6,123,665	
Restricted	737,345	706,895	
Unrestricted	923,194	691,274	
Total net position	8,554,512	7,521,834	

The Vermilion County Conservation District's total net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events increased from \$7,521,834 to \$8,554,512 between fiscal years 2021 and 2022, respectively.

The District's total assets for governmental activities were \$9,107,464. The District's largest portion of assets in the governmental activities were capital assets in the amount of \$7,443,973 which are used to provide services but cannot be used for future spending.

Total liabilities of the District's governmental activities were \$552,952. This includes \$550,000 in a General Obligation Bond.

The \$200,722 of restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for specific purposes. The unrestricted net positions in the amount of \$923,194 is available for on-going obligations and future spending.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT.)

Change in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

The Vermilion County Conservation District's Change in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities
Revenues:	2022	2021
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	248,986	207,676
Operating grant and contributions	624,096	325,517
General Revenues:		<u> </u>
Property taxes	1,233,002	1,152,890
Other taxes	502,221	226,686
Farm income	44,861	46,569
Interest income	1,354	3,375
Lease income	32,476	3,664
Miscellaneous income	6,414	4,177
Insurance proceeds	8,922	40,745
Sale of assets	23,000	33,000
Total revenues	2,725,332	2,044,299
Expenses:		
General administration	758,517	746,285
Recreation	888,023	1,022,641
Other expenses	16,689	18,670
Debt service	400	400
Interest on debt	29,025	33,075
Total expenses	1,692,654	1,821,071
Change in net position	1,032,678	223,228
Net Position - Beginning of period	7,521,834	7,298,606
Net Position - End of period	8,554,512	7,521,834

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$2,725,332, an increase of \$681,033 from the previous year's activity. Total governmental activities expenses equaled \$1,692,654. This is a decrease of \$128,417 over the prior year. General administration expenses increased \$12,232 and recreation expenses decreased by \$134,618.

Property taxes increased \$80,112 (less than 6.9%) over the previous year. This comprises approximately 45.2% of all revenues in the current year. The assessed property valuation increased by 3.9% between 2021 and 2020, compared to the 2.2% increase between 2020 and 2019. The rates charged decreased 1.4% from the previous year.

Farm income decreased \$1,708 over the previous year mainly due to the collection of revenue from a previous tenant farmer that was very delinquent in rent payments. The District's attorney has worked out a settlement agreement where the delinquent amount will be paid over 80 months.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the Vermilion County Conservation District's governmental funds is to provide information on modified cash basis inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Vermilion County Conservation District's ability to meet financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT.)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (cont.)

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Vermilion County Conservation District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,660,539, an increase of \$262,370 from the previous year. Approximately 55.6% of this amount (\$923,194) represents unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for expenditures which are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Budgetary Highlights - General Fund - Major Fund

Over the course of the fiscal year 2022, the Board did not modify the General Fund budget. Total revenues were budgeted at \$2,537,200 and total expenditures were budgeted at \$2,567,575.

These calculations can be found from examining the *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 38 and the *Schedule of Expenditures* on page 39.

The following reflects budget variances for revenue received over \$5,000 in the General Fund as of March 31, 2022:

GENERAL FUND	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
Under-budget			
Donations	664,000	28,547	635,453
Grant income	10,000	3,598	6,402
Over-budget			
Tax levy revenues received	916,300	928,248	11,948
Corporate replacement tax	100,000	369,783	269,783
Lease income	500	32,476	31,976
Insurance proceeds'	-	8,922	8,922
Charges for services	81,500	130,320	48,820

Overall the revenue in the general fund, for fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, was under-budget by \$271,141.

The following reflects budget variances for expenditures disbursed over \$5,000 in the General Fund as of March 31, 2022:

GENERAL FUND	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
General Government			
Under-budget			
Salaries and wages	244,500	238,581	5,919
Other administrative expenses	1,292,000	67,675	1,224,325

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT.)

Budgetary Highlights - General Fund - Major Fund (cont.)

GENERAL FUND	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
Recreation			
Under-budget			
Salaries and wages	489,500	440,497	49,003
Education/program expenses and			
special events	24,100	12,607	11,493
Kennekuk maintenance	49,800	42,733	7,067
Electricity	47,500	40,166	7,334
Lake vermilion maintenance	16,875	4,350	12,525
Over-budget			
Forest Glen maintenance	41,250	66,106	24,856
General maintenance	11,500	28,853	17,353
Motor fuel and supplies	28,500	37,370	8,870
Capital outlay	228,025	1,005,975	777,950

Overall the expenditures disbursed in the general fund, for fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, were underbudget by \$512,073.

Budgetary Highlights - Other Governmental Funds

The following reflects budget variances for revenue received over \$5,000 in other Governmental Funds as of March 31, 2022:

	FUND	BUDGET	_ACTUAL_	VARIANCE
None				

The following reflects budget variances for expenditures disbursed over \$5,000 in other Governmental Funds, as of March 31, 2022:

<u>FUND</u>	EXPENDITURES	<u>BUDGE</u> T	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
FICA Fund	Participating Employees Contributions Non-participating Employees contributions	55,000 10,000	44,120 4,946	10,880 5,054
Insurance Fund	Unemployment compensation HRA Reimbursement	15,000 35,000	2,207 25,924	12,793 9,076

These calculations can be found from examining the *Budgetary Schedules* on pages 40 through 43 and page 46.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Vermilion County Conservation District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2022 was \$6,893,973 (net of related debt and accumulated depreciation).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (cont.)

Capital assets (cont.). The investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, and furniture, fixtures, and equipment. The district's net investment in capital assets increased for the current fiscal year by \$770,308. Capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense for current year additions by \$704,128.

The major capital outlay for the current fiscal year was for equipment purchases of trucks and tractors. In addition, land improvements to the Kickapoo Rail Trail.

Additional information on the district's capital assets can be found in Note 14 on pages 33 and 34 of this report.

Debt Administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Vermilion County Conservation District had \$550,000 in long-term debt obligations. This is a decrease of \$95,000 from prior year. Detailed information about the District's long-term debt obligations is presented in Note 9 on pages 31 and 32 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- Inflationary trends in the locate are slightly less favorable when compared to national indices.
- The estimated assessed valuation of Vermilion County is higher than last year, due to the valuation of real estate property in the area.
- Nationally, the State of Illinois' sales tax collection is in the bottom half of all states. This is attributable to the recessionary climate and poor farming conditions over the past few years.
- Unemployment in Vermilion County is above average when compared to most counties in Illinois, running as low as 5.0% and as high as 7.2% each month.

All of these factors were considered during the development of the Vermilion County Conservation District's 2022-2023 budget.

Request for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Vermilion County Conservation District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions regarding any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Vermilion County Conservation District 22296-A Henning Road Danville, IL 61834

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS March 31, 2022

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	1,203,515
Restricted cash	207,408
Investments	250,189
Inventory	2,379
Total current assets	1,663,491
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets, non-depreciable	4,424,436
Capital assets, depreciable, net	3,019,537
Total noncurrent assets	7,443,973
TOTAL ASSETS	9,107,464
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Payroll withholdings	85
Insurance withholdings	2,867
GO bonds payable – current	000,001
Total current liabilities	102,952
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
GO bonds payable – long-terin	450,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	450,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	552,952
TOTAL LIABILITIES	332,932
NET POSITIONS	
Net investment in capital assets	6,893,973
Restricted for: Nonspendable	2,379
Retirement	135,013
Dedicated funds	200,722
Insurance	304,543
Social security	90,140
Audit	4,541
Debt service Unrestricted for:	7
General fund	923,194
TOTAL NET POSITION	0.551.510
TOTAL NET POSITION	8,554,512

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022

		Primary		
		Charges	Operating	Government
		for	Grants &	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Total
Primary Government				
Governmental activities:				
General government:				
General/Administration	625,536	97,594	3,311	(524,631)
Depreciation - general	132,981	-	-	(132,981)
Recreation	719,157	151,392	620,785	53,020
Depreciation - recreation	168,866	-	-	(168,866)
Other	16,689	-	-	(16,689)
Debt service	400	-	•	(400)
Interest on long-term debt	29,025	-	-	(29,025)
Total governmental activities	1,692,654	248,986	624,096	(819,572)
		General reve	enues:	
		Tax levy re	evenues	1,233,002
		Corporate	replacement tax	497,518
		Hotel/mote	el tax	1,833
		TIF taxes r	received	2,870
		Farm incor	me	44,861
		Interest inc	come	1,354
		Lease inco	me	32,476
		Insurance	•	8,922
		Miscellane		6,414
		Gain on sa	le of assets	23,000
		Total genera	l revenues	1,852,250
		Change in ne	et position	1,032,678
		Net position	- beginning	7,521,834
		Net position	- ending	8,554,512

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, & FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2022

	General Fund	Insurance & Compensation Fund	Municipal Retirement Fund	FICA Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash - unrestricted	753,912	254,507	114,673	76,560	6	3,857	1,203,515
- restricted	200,722	6,686	-	-	-	-	207,408
Investments	169,444	46,140	20,340	13,580	1	684	250,189
Inventory	2,379						2,379
TOTAL ASSETS	1,126,457	307,333	135,013	90,140	7	4,541	1,663,491
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Payroll withholdings	85	-	-	-	-	-	85
Insurance withholdings	77_	2,790	-				2,867
TOTAL LIABILITIES	162	2,790		-			2,952
FUND BALANCES							
Fund Balance – nonspendable	2,379	-	-	-	-	-	2,379
Fund Balance – restricted	200,722	6,686	-	-	-	*	207,408
Fund Balance – assigned	-	297,857	135,013	90,140	7	4,541	527,55 8
Fund Balance – unassigned	923,194	•		<u> </u>			923,194
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,126,295	304,543	135,013	90,140	7	4,541	1,660,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	1,126,457	307,333	135,013	90,140	7	4,541	1,663,491

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES March 31, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 13)	1,660,539
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$12,478,135, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,034,162, are not financial resources; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,443,973
General Obligation Bonds are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds	(550,000)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	8,554,512

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	FUND TYPES					TOTA	LS	
	General	Insurance & Compensation	Municipal Retirement	FICA	Debt Service	Other Governmental	Year Ended	Year Ended
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	03/31/22	03/31/21
REVENUES RECEIVED								
Tax levy revenues received	928,248	202,739	25,380	65,928	-	10,707	1,233,002	1,152,890
Corporate replacement tax	369,783	-	3,500		124,235	-	497,518	222,542
Hotel/Motel tax	1,833	-	-	-	-	-	1,833	1,813
TIF taxes received	2,870	-	-	-	~	-	2,870	2,331
Charges for services	130,320	-	-	-	-	-	130,320	65,380
Farm income	44,861	-	-	-	-	-	44,861	46,569
Interest	881	246	103	68	52	4	1,354	3,375
Licenses and permits	81,937	-	-	-	-	*	81,937	95,035
Concessions	21,072	-	-	-	-	-	21,072	19,348
Special events and programs	15,657	-	-	-	-	-	15,657	27,913
Grant income	3,598	-	-	-	-	3,311	6,909	94,142
Denations	28,547		•	-	-		28,547	22,008
ITEP income	588,640		-	-	-		588,640	209,367
Lease income	32,476	-	-		-		32,476	3,664
Insurance proceeds	8,922	-	-	-	-		8,922	40,745
Miscellaneous	6,414	-					6,414_	4,177
TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED	2,266,059	202,985	28,983	65,996	124,287	14,022	2,702,332	2,011,299
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED								
Current:								***
General government	313,681	190,015	27,776	49,066	400	16,178	597,116	569,294
Recreation	719,157	-	-	-	-	*	719,157	848,882
Other	16,689	-	•	-	-	-	16,689	18,670
Capital outlay:								****
General government	1,005,975	-	-	-	-	•	1,005,975	349,145
Debt service:							0.5.000	00.440
Principal	-	•	-	-	95,000		95,000	90,000
Interest		· · ·	-		29,025	-	29,025	33,075
TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	2,055,502	190,015	27,776	49,066	124,425	16,178	2,462,962	1,909,066
EXCESS OF REVENUES RECEIVED OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	210,557	12,970	1,207	16,930	(138)	(2,156)	239,370	102,233
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets	23,000						23,000	33,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
(USES)	23,000			<u> </u>		-	23,000	33,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	233,557	12,970	1,207	16,930	(138)	(2,156)	262,370	135,233
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) – BEGINNING OF PERIOD	892,738	291,573_	133,806	73,210	145	6,697	1,398,169	1,262,936
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) END OF PERIOD	1,126,295	304,543	135,013	90,140	7	4,541	1,660,539	1,398,169

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(page 15)
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262,370

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Repayment of bond proceeds

95,000

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures but governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.

Capital asset purchases capitalized	1,005,975
Depreciation expense	(301,847)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(28,820)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

1,032,678

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION March 31, 2022

	Pension Trust Fund
ASSETS Investments in deferred compensation	190,257
TOTAL ASSETS	190,257
NET POSITIONS Held in trust for pension benefits	190,257
TOTAL NET POSITION	190,257

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION March 31, 2022

	Pension Trust
	Fund
ADDITIONS	
Contributions from plan members	317
Net increase in fair value of investments	8,168_
Total additions	8,485
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative expenses	
Total deductions	•
Net change in net position	8,485
Net position – beginning	181,772
Net position – ending	190,257

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>DATE OF MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW</u> – Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 27, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

The Conservation District was created in response to the Illinois Conservation District Act of 1963. The principal purpose of the District is to preserve and maintain wildlife, open land, scenic roadways and pathways, for the education, pleasure and recreation of the public and to promote the conservation of nature, flora and fauna, the natural environment and the natural resources of the District.

The District's policy is to prepare its financial statements, on a modified cash-basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash-basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Vermilion County Conservation District is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to the District. The Conservation District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the related requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since Board members are appointed by elected county officials and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Vermilion County Conservation Foundation has a separate appointed board. The District's general purpose financial statements do not include the operations of Vermilion County Conservation Foundation because sufficient criteria for inclusion as set forth by GASB No. 61 have not been met.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or part, by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District does not report on any business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position or fund balances, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. The Conservation District's funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. The District presently has no proprietary funds. The emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Conservation District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures or expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- b. Total assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures or expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described subsequently:

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Conservation District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District that are not required to be accounted for in the special revenue funds.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds include the Insurance and Compensation Fund, Municipal Retirement Fund, and FICA Fund. The Insurance and Compensation Fund, Municipal Retirement Fund, and FICA Fund are reported as major Governmental Funds in the Governmental Fund Statements since their total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures exceeds 10 percent of the total governmental funds threshold for major fund reporting. The Audit Fund does not meet these criteria; therefore, it is considered a non-major fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from the general obligation bond or from taxes levied by the District and considered a major fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fiduciary Fund – The Fiduciary Fund is used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as Governmental Funds using the cash basis of accounting. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

MEASUREMENT FOCUS

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined above.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate. The governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances.

The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

For this purpose, the District considers all revenue items to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures generally are recorded when checks are written.

The District has implemented the financial reporting model, required by GASB No. 34 as of March 31, 2003.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP, as established by GASB. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include investments, interfund receivables and payables, capital assets and related depreciation, and short-term and long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions or events.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (cont.)

This modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value.

If the Conservation District utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting and all government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

FINANCIAL POSITION

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of these statements, cash and cash equivalents include the checking, savings, money market accounts and certificate of deposit accounts purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

INVESTMENTS

The District invests in certificate of deposit accounts. The investments are carried at fair market value and have maturity dates of more than 3 months.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions occur. The interfund receivables and payables are recorded in the financial statements as a modification to the cash basis of accounting. Interfund receivables and payables are reported in the fund financial statements and eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets such as roads and campground improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The district defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$7,500 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Major outlays such as roads or campground improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

FINANCIAL POSITION (cont.)

CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Property, plant and equipment used in governmental fund type operations are reported in government-wide financial statements. The District has elected to report all public domain and infrastructure fixed assets and has included them in the General Fixed Asset Account Group. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis on depreciable items as follows:

Building and improvements 20 - 25 years Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 5 - 10 years

In accordance with GASB Code Sec. 1400.118, accumulated depreciation has been recorded as a reduction of Investment in General Fixed Assets.

The District owns the following land:

In excess of 1,700 acres at the Forest Glen Preserve Approximately 2,600 acres at Kennekuk Approximately 50 acres at Heron County Park Approximately 7 acres at Lake Vermilion Approximately 107 acres near Forest Glen Preserve Approximately 124.8 acres of CSX Railroad corridor

Capital assets are not reported in the governmental fund's individual financial statements.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, or net realizable value.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District adopts an annual budget and appropriations ordinance in accordance with Chapter 35 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The District employs the use of a budget as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. The initial and final budget was approved by the Board of Trustees of the Vermilion County Conservation District. Expenditures are controlled at the fund level. The budget is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. Whenever necessary, the budget can be amended by approval of the District's Board when actual expenditures exceed the original amounts budgeted.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

FINANCIAL POSITION (cont.)

TOTAL COLUMNS ON COMBINED STATEMENTS - OVERVIEW

Total columns on the Combined Statements Overview are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, consolidated financial information, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles; neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the summarization of this data; therefore, it is not comparable to consolidation.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - PROPERTY TAXES

The District's 2020 property taxes, levied in July of 2021 on assessed valuations as of January 1, 2020 are due and payable in 2021. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor's office. The taxes are due in two installments, one due in June and the other in September. The Vermilion County Collector collects and distributes all property taxes for Vermilion County.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they are received. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SHORT-TERM DEBT

All short-term notes and other debts arising from cash transactions or events to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Short-term debt arising from cash transactions or events of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payment of principal and interest is reported as expenditures.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Accounting standards that the District is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (cont.)

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019. GASB Statement No. 95 has postponed this Statement for eighteen months, so the new effective date is June 15, 2021. Early application is encouraged. The District has not currently determined what impact, if any, this Statement may have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangemets. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are bases on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 and all reporting periods thereafter. Early application is encouraged. The District has not currently determined what impact, if any, this Statement may have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The practice issues addressed by this Statement are as follows:

- Classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53,
 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, this has no impact on the District's
 financial statements.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of
 the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease
 liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives. The District has not currently
 determined what impact, if any, this Statement may have on its financial statements.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and
 Availability Payment Arrangements, related to (a) the determination of the public-private and publicpublic partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the
 transfer of the underlying PPP asset. The District has not currently determined what impact, if any,
 this Statement may have on its financial statements.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology
 Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term,
 classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a
 subscription liability. The District has not currently determined what impact, if any, this Statement
 may have on its financial statements.

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (cont.)

- Extension of the period during which the London International Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt. This Statement has no impact on the District's financial statements.
- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP). This has no impact on the District's financial statements.
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions.
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.
- Clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's
 Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the
 government-wide financial statements. The District has not currently determined what impact, if
 any, this Statement may have on its financial statements.
- Terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The District has not currently determined what impact, if any, this Statement may have on its financial statements.
- Terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements.

The requirements of this Statement that are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.
- The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-Wide Statements

Net Position is classified and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted
 for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.
- 2. Restricted. Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted. Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS (CONT.)

It is the Conservation District's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

Governmental Funds

The difference among assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of governmental funds is reported as fund balance and classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the respective level of constraint.

These constraints are defined as follows:

Nonspendable. Amounts that cannot be spent because they either are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Amounts constrained from use via restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or by restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. Amounts constrained from use for specific purposes pursuant to requirements imposed by formal action of the Conservation District's highest level of decision-making authority. In this case, commitments are evidenced by adoption of an ordinance by the District's Board of Trustees.

Assigned. Amounts constrained by the Conservation District's intent to be used for specific purposes but that are neither restricted nor committed. In this case, assignments are evidenced either by resolution of the District's Board or by the Executive Director in written form as approved by vote of the District's Board.

Unassigned. The residual classification of the General Fund for spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

It is the Conservation District's policy to first use restricted fund balances prior to the use of unrestricted fund balances when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. It is also their policy to use committed fund balances before assigned fund balances and assigned fund balances before unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in those classifications are available to be used.

The Conservation District has a formal minimum fund balance policies and formal stabilization arrangements in place.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the District and its component units are subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. The following instances of noncompliance are considered material to the financial statements.

UNINSURED AND UNCOLLATERALIZED DEPOSITS

In accordance with State law, all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions must be secured with acceptable collateral. Acceptable collateral includes certain U.S. Government or Government Agency securities, certain State or political subdivision debt obligations, surety bonds, or certain letters of credit. At December 31, 2021, the District had \$187 of uninsured deposits in cash and cash equivalents and \$189 of uninsured deposits in investments.

BUDGETARY NONCOMPLIANCE

For the year ended March 31, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control in the General Fund by \$30,375, Insurance Fund by \$18,500, and the Audit Fund by \$1,500.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All deposits held at financial institutions are carried at cost. Amounts deposited that exceed the FDIC insurance limits may be collateralized by securities issued by the United States of America or an agency thereof. The time deposits mature at 91 days and are being classified as cash and cash equivalents.

Total deposits held at various local financial institutions at March 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Cash On Hand	Cash In Bank	Restricted Cash	Time Deposits	Carrying Amount	Bank Balances
General Fund	413	584,056	200,722	169,443	954,634	1,003,574
Insurance Fund	-	208,368	6,686	46,139	261,193	261,193
IMRF Fund	₩	94,333	-	20,340	114,673	114,673
Fica Fund	-	62,980	-	13,580	76,560	76,560
Other Governmental Funds	-	3,173	-	684	3,857	3,857
Debt Service Fund		5		1	6	6
Totals	413	952,915	207,408	250,187	1,410,923	1,459,863

The following table categorizes deposits, not including cash on hand, according to levels of risk.

Category	Category	Category	Bank	Carrying
#1	#2	#3	Balance	Amount
1,347,510	112,166	187	1,459,863	1,410,923

Category #1 includes deposits and cash equivalents that are insured by the FDIC, or registered, or securities that are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Category #2 includes deposits and cash equivalents for which securities are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name, which are backed with repurchase agreements and U.S. government securities. This category includes amounts on deposit with the Illinois Funds.

Category #3 includes uninsured and uncollateralized deposits and cash equivalents.

Amounts reported as restricted cash are comprised of donations received from outside parties for specific projects in the amount of \$200,722. Additional information on the district's restricted cash can be found in Note 15 on page 35.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

The District is allowed to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Illinois or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Illinois or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating not less than "A" or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Illinois that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Insurance Corporation or its successor; or secured by obligations that are described by subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection, and that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates; and (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by subdivision (1) of this subsection, pledged with third parties selected or approved by the District and placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a bank domiciled in the State of Illinois.

The District's investments at March 31, 2022 are as follows:

	General	Insurance	<u>IMRF</u>	_FICA_	Debt Service	Other Governmental	Carrying Amount	Bank Balances
Time deposits	169,444	46,140	20,340	13,580	<u> </u>	684	250,189	250,189

The following table categorizes investments according to levels of risk.

Category	Category	Category	Bank	Carrying
#1	#2	#3	Balance	Amount
250,000	-	189	250,189	250,189

Category #1 includes deposits and cash equivalents that are insured by the FDIC, or registered, or securities that are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Category #2 includes deposits and cash equivalents for which securities are held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name, which are backed with repurchase agreements and U.S. government securities.

Category #3 includes uninsured and uncollateralized deposits and cash equivalents

NOTE 5 - LEASES

The District entered into a lease agreement with Aqua Illinois Inc. on May 21, 2008 for the surface use of Lake Vermilion for \$1,00 per year. The terms of this agreement are effective from January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2033.

The District has operating leases for land which are on a cash rent basis. The following describes these leases:

Term	Description				
01/01/19-12/31/21	 157.66 acres used for farming at \$150 per acre, due 05/01/2019 157.66 acres used for farming at \$160 per acre, due 05/01/2020 				
	 157.66 acres used for farming at \$170 per acre, due 05/01/2021 				
01/01/22-12/31/26	 157.66 acres used for famning at \$175 per acre, due 05/01/2022 157.66 acres used for famning at \$180 per acre, due 05/01/2023 157.66 acres used for famning at \$185 per acre, due 05/01/2024 157.66 acres used for famning at TBD per acre, due 05/01/2025 157.66 acres used for famning at TBD per acre, due 05/01/2026 				

NOTE 5 - LEASES (cont.)

The District has a Settlement Agreement with the previous tenant farmer that owed \$105,550. The balance being paid in monthly payments of \$1,642. The balance receivable as of March 31, 2022 was \$70,062.

Kickapoo Rail Trail Leases:

On April 20, 2014, the District entered into a lease agreement with Stephen Ludwig for the right to use "Kickapoo Trail Rail" land for his business. The terms of this agreement is effective from April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2039. The District is to receive \$2,994 annually, payable April 1st of each year. The amount received as of March 31, 2022 was \$0.

On June 17, 2015, the District entered into a lease agreement with the Village of Muncie, Illinois for the maintenance of the Kickapoo Rail Trail which passes through Muncie, east to west. The Village of Muncie agrees to provide the mowing and litter pickup annually.

On January 1, 2016, the District entered into a lease agreement with Robert and Angie Pierce for the right to use "Kickapoo Rail Trail" land for their business. The terms of this agreement is effective from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, renewable annually. The District will receive \$1,500 annually, payable at the rate of \$125 per month, with an increase that follows the CPI rate. The amount received as of March 31, 2022 was \$2,122.

When the District purchased the Kickapoo Rail Trail property from CSX, several ongoing licenses/leases were assigned to the District. One of the leasees is Midwestern Gas with an agreement to pay \$193 annually, payable January 31st of each year. The amount received as of March 31, 2022 was \$193.

Comcast of Illinois has the following lease agreements with the District:

Term	Lease #	Description		
04/01/21 - 03/31/22	CR301596	\$670 due annually, payable December of each year		
	CR319633	\$1,000 due annually, with CPI increases, payable September of each year		
	CR319634	\$1,000 due annually, with CPI increases, payable September of each year		
	CR319637	\$1,000 due annually, with CPI increases, payable September of each year		

Lease payments for the next five years without regard for adjustment are as follows:

2022	55,652
2023	56,441
2024	57,229
2025	19,852
2026	8,358
Thereafter	83,577
	281,109

NOTE 6 – OUTSTANDING KICKAPOO RAIL TRAIL LEASE REVENUE

During the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the District purchased the Kickapoo Trail property from CSX and several on-going licenses/leases were assigned to the District. The District has located and notified the licensees/leases about the change in assignment. As of March 31, 2022, the District collected and received the outstanding revenues in the amount of \$26,184.

NOTE 7 – ITEP FUNDING

During the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District received funding from the Illinois Department of Transportation for further construction on the Kickapoo Rail Trail from Oakwood Avenue to Grays Siding Road. The District received \$588,640 and expended \$588,640 as of March 31, 2022.

NOTE 8 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

On April 16, 2008, the District entered into an agreement with the Champaign County Forest Preserve District in which both parties agreed to work together to acquire, develop, and manage a pedestrian and bicycle trail between Urbana, Illinois and Danville, Illinois to be known as the Kickapoo Rail Trail Project. The purpose of this agreement is limited solely to the provision of preliminary engineering services.

On October 17, 2018, the District entered into an agreement with the Illinois Department of Natural Resources in which both parties agreed to work together to continue the development of the Kickapoo Rail Trail.

NOTE 9 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

On June 7, 2017, the Vermilion County Conservation District issued \$1,000,000 in a General Obligation Bond, Series 2017. The proceeds from the sale of the bond are to be used for the acquisition of new maintenance and office equipment. The amount required for principal and interest payments of the general obligation bond is to be provided by corporate personal property replacement taxes. The general obligation bond rate is 4.5% and matures on March 1, 2027.

The Vermilion County Conservation District had the following notes payable as of March 31, 2022:

	2022 Long-term Debt		2021 Long-term Debt	
Description Collinsia Band coming annual	Current	Noncurrent	Current	Noncurrent
General Obligation Bond, varying annual payments, due March 2027, unsecured, variable interest rate 4.5%	100,000	450,000	95,000	550,000
Total	100,000	450,000	95,000	550,000

The following is a summary of the remaining debt service requirements to maturity by year:

Maturities	Principal	Interest	Total
03/31/2023	100,000	24,750	124,750
03/31/2024	105,000	20,250	125,250
03/31/2025	110,000	15,525	125,525
03/31/2026	115,000	10,575	125,575
03/31/2027	120,000	5,400	125,400
03/31/2028 - 03/31/2032		 -	
	550,000	76,500	626,500

Interest expense was \$29,025 for the year ending March 31, 2022 and \$33,075 for the year ending March 31, 2021.

NOTE 9 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Type of Debt	Balance 03/31/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance 03/31/22	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bond payable	645,000		(95,000)	550,000	100,000

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks, including but not limited to, losses from worker's compensation and general liability/property. The District is insured for worker's compensation, public liability, general liability, law enforcement liability, automobile liability, general property, and wrongful acts. These risks are covered by insurance with the Illinois Parks Association Risk Services. Management is not aware of any claims filed in the last 3 years.

NOTE II - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

During fiscal 1996, the District adopted a deferred compensation plan under Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. This Plan allows employees to defer part of their compensation. The District is not required to make any contributions into the Plan. Contributions by participants are administered by a third-party agent and held in trust. They are not available to the general creditors of the District. At March 31, 2022, District employees had \$190,257 invested in this plan.

NOTE 12 - STATUTORY DEBT LIMITATION

The Statutory Debt Limitation is 1.725% of the assessed valuation for 2021 of \$1,016,300,419 and 2020 of \$978,093,757.

	2021	2020	
Statutory debt limitation	17,531,182	16,872,117	
LESS outstanding debt	550,000	645,000	
Net margin	16,981,182	16,227,117	

The District is not liable for any special assessment debt as of March 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 13 - CURES GRANT AND COVID-19

Since December 31, 2019, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many economies and economic uncertainties have arisen which resulted in significant market volatility, unemployment, illness and death. Although the financial markets have recovered at this time, unemployment, illness and death are still a concern. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial and human effects currently cannot be reasonably estimated.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law and provided over \$2 trillion to fight the COVID-19 pandemic and stimulate the U.S. economy. Billions of dollars was earmarked for the Local Corona Virus Urgent Remediation Emergency Support Program (Local CURE Program) to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus impacts.

As of March 31, 2022, the District received \$3,923 grant monies from the Local CURE Program for necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19.

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended March 31, 2022:

	03/31/21	Reclassification	Additions	Deletions	03/31/22
Governmental activities:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Forest Glen Park -					
Land and acquisitions	1,161,226	-	-		1,161,226
Construction in progress	-	•	27,390	**	27,390
Kennekuk -					
Land and acquisitions	1,543,168	-	-	-	1,543,168
Construction in progress	5,310	(5,310)	-	-	-
Kickapoo Rail Trail -					
Land and acquisitions	582,038	-	-	-	582,038
Construction in progress	493,684	-	588,640	-	1,082,324
Lake Vermilion -					
Construction in progress	12,953	(12,953)	-	•	-
l·leron -					
Construction in progress	-		23,290	-	23,290
Furniture & equipment			5,000		5,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,798,379	(18,263)	644,320		4,424,436
Capital Assets, being depreciated:					
Forest Glen Park -					
Building and land improvement	1,155,455	-	61,750	(2,299)	1,214,906
Kennekuk-					
Building and land improvement	4,878,046	5,310	146,674	(83,796)	4,946,234
Kickapoo Rail Trail -					21.171
Building and land improvement	-	-	24,174	-	24,174
Lake Vermilion -	455 500	10.050			265.162
Building and land improvement	352,209	12,953	-	-	365,162
Heron -	0.10.170				240 170
Building and land improvement	249,170	-	129,057	(129,570)	249,170 1,254,053
Furniture & equipment	1,254,566	10.262	361,655		8,053,699
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,889,446	18,263		(215,665)	0,000,079

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2022

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	03/31/21	Reclassification	Additions	Deletions	03/31/22
Governmental activities:					
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Forest Glen Park -					
Building and land improvement	(912,091)	~	(30,396)	2,299	(940,188)
Kennekuk-					
Building and land improvement	(2,757,101)	Apr.	(120,808)	69,018	(2,808,891)
Kickapoo Rail Trail -					
Building and land improvement	*	-	(403)	-	(403)
Lake Vermilion -					
Building and land improvement	(278,687)	-	(9,056)	-	(287,743)
Heron -					
Building and land improvement	(199,996)	-	(8,203)	-	(208,199)
Furniture & equipment	(771,285)		(132,981)	115,528	(788,738)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,919,160)	*	(301,847)	186,845	(5,034,162)
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	2,970,286	18,263	59,808	(28,820)	3,019,537
Governmental activities capital assets, net	6,768,665	-	704,128	(28,820)	7,443,973

Construction in progress at March 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Kickapoo rail trail	1,082,324
Gannett center remodel	27,390
Heron – boardwalk handrails	23,290
New evaporator for maple syrup	5,000
	1,138,004

The depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2022, was \$168,866 for recreation and \$132,981 for the administration functions.

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2022

NOTE 15 - FUND BALANCES

The District has restricted cash for the following purposes from donations received:

Arboretum	7,254
Bunker Hill Historical Area	4,529
Whittaker/Wagner/Busby-Meyer	131,020
Education	22,667
Prairie	1,802
Lake Vermilion Gas Pump	2,271
Revolutionary War	1,585
Kickapoo Rail Trail	29,411
Donations - miscellaneous	183
	200,722

Fund balances of the Conservation District's governmental funds at March 31, 2022, are classified as follows regarding level of constraint:

	General Fund	Insurance Fund	IMRF Fund	FICA Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Dedicated funds	200,722	-	~	-	~	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	7	-
Insurance	-	6,686	-	~	-	-
Nonspendable	2,379	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for:						
Retirement	-	•	135,013	-	-	-
Insurance	-	297,857	-	-	-	*
FICA	-	-	-	90,140	-	-
Audit	-	-	-	-	-	4,541
Unassigned						
General	923,194					
Total fund balances	1,126,295	304,543	135,013	90,140	7	4,541

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2022

NOTE 16 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, your employer Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 5.10 percent. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution for calendar year 2021 was \$31,606. (If you made an additional payment toward your unfunded amount, add this payment to your monthly contributions, based on payroll and recalculate the percentage of APC contributed.)

	Annual	Percentage	Net
Calendar	Pension	of APC	Pension
Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/21	\$31,606	100%	\$0
12/31/20	\$23,437	100%	\$0
12/31/19	\$26,955	100%	\$0

The required contribution for 2021 was determined as part of the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2019, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 3.50% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your employer Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The employer Regular plan's overfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2019 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 22 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2021, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 134.37 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,303,533 and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,095,265, resulting in an overfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$791,732. The covered payroll for calendar year 2021 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$619,726. Because the plan is overfunded, there is no ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OTHER INFORMATION March 31, 2022

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) -Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
12/31/21	3,095,265	2,303,533	(791,732)	134.37	619,726	-
12/31/20	2,673,032	2,391,983	(281,049)	111.75	631,807	-
12/31/19	2.236.004	2.100.713	(135,291)	106.44	578,511	-

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2021 is \$4,155,087. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 180.38%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with the Vermilion County Conservation District. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED Pinal Bidget Verait Ended En		GENERAL				TOTALS
Tax Provenues received 916,300 916,300 928,248 (11,48) 860,833 90,767 70,700 70,70				Ended 03/31/22	with Final Budget (Over)	Ended 03/31/21
			044,000	000.040	(11.010)	0/0 923
Hole/Morel Face 1,000 1,000 1,333 (8,33) 1,813 1,813 1,813 1,813 1,813 1,815 1						
The tase received						
State Stat						·
Farm income 46,500 44,801 1,530 40,500 43,801 1,630 40,500 1,6301						
1.500 1.500 8.81 6.19 2.633 1.600 8.100 8.1937 (1.837) 95.035 1.6000 8.1937 (1.837) 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000 95.035 1.6000						
No. 100						
19.300 19.300 21.072 (1.772) 19.348 5pccial events and programs 19.500 19.300 15.657 3.843 27.918 5pccial events and programs 19.500 19.500 15.657 3.843 27.918 5pccial events and programs 19.500 10.000 3.598 6.402 79.427 79.4						
19,500 19,500 15,657 3,843 27,913 1,910						
10,000 10,000 3,398 6,402 79,427 Donations 664,000 664,000 22,547 633,453 22,008 Donations 589,000 589,000 588,640 360 209,367 Insurance proceeds 500 500 32,476 (31,976) 3,664 Miscellaneous 7,500 7,500 6,414 1,086 4,177 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED 2,537,200 2,537,200 2,266,059 271,141 1,572,010 EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 1,552,837 1,552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 Recreation 6,640,000 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 7,500 EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 1,552,837 1,552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 Recreation 76,488 761,488 719,157 48,331 848,802 Recreation 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 Recreation 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 Recreation 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 Recreation 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,837 1,552,8						
Oblitations 664,000 664,000 28,547 335,433 22,008 ITEP income 589,000 589,000 588,640 360 209,367 Insurance proceeds 500 500 32,476 (31,976) 3,644 Miscellaneous 7,500 7,500 6,414 1,086 4,177 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED 2,537,200 2,537,200 2,266,059 271,141 1,572,010 EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Current: 1,552,837 1,552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 General government 7,574,888 767,488 719,157 48,331 848,882 Other 19,225 19,225 16,689 2,536 18,600 Capital Outary 228,025 228,025 28,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145 TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,055,502 512,073 1,519,152 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (30,375)						
S89,000 S89,000 S88,640 360 209,367 163,000						
National Process Substituting						-
Solid Soli		389,000	389,000			
Niscellaneous 7,500 7,500 2,537,200 2,266,059 271,141 1,572,010		500	500			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED 2,537,200 2,537,200 2,266.059 271,141 1,572,010						
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Current: General government 1,552,837 1.552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 Recreation 767,488 767,488 719,157 48,331 848,882 767,488 719,157 48,331 848,882 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 767,488 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 76,883 76,488 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 76,883 76,883 76,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 76,883 76,883 76,488 767,488 767,488 719,157 76,883 76,883 76,488 76	Miscerianeous	7,500	7,500	U ₄ +1+	7,000	
Current: Current: 1,552,837 1,552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 General government 767,488 767,488 719,157 48,331 848,882 Other 19,225 19,225 16,689 2,536 18,670 Capital Outlay 228,025 228,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145 TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,055,502 512,073 1,519,152 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (30,375) (30,375) 210,557 (240,932) 52,858 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) (30,375) 233,057 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED	2,537,200	2,537,200	2,266,059	271,141	1,572,010_
Current: Current: 1,552,837 1,552,837 313,681 1,239,156 302,455 General government 767,488 767,488 719,157 48,331 848,882 Other 19,225 19,225 16,689 2,536 18,670 Capital Outlay 228,025 228,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145 TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,055,502 512,073 1,519,152 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (30,375) (30,375) 210,557 (240,932) 52,858 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) (30,375) 233,057 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	EXPENDITURES DISBURSED					
Ceneral government						
Recreation Other Ot		1,552,837	1,552,837	313,681	1,239,156	
Other Capital Outlay General government 19,225 19,225 19,225 16,689 2,536 18,670 TOTAL SYPENDITURES DISBURSED 228,025 228,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,055,502 512,073 1,519,152 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) 233,057 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	5		767,488	719,157	48,331	848,882
Capital Outlay General government 228,025 228,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145 TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED 2,567,575 2,567,575 2,055,502 512,073 1,519,152 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (30,375) (30,375) 210,557 (240,932) 52,858 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) 233,557 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880		19,225	19,225	16,689	2,536	18,670
Concern government 228,025 228,025 1,005,975 (777,950) 349,145						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (30,375) (30,375) 210,557 (240,932) 52,858 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (USES) (30,375) (30,375) 233,557 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD	,	228,025	228,025	1,005,975	(777,950)	349,145
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) (30,375) (30,375) (23,000) (2	TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	2,567,575	2,567,575	2,055,502	512,073	1.519,152
Sale of assets 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) 233,557 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(30,375)	(30,375)	210,557	(240,932)	52,858
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 23,000 (23,000) 33,000 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) 233,557 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880				22,000	(23,000)	22,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (30,375) (30,375) 233,557 (263,932) 85,858 FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	Sale of assets		-	23,000	(23,000)	.000,010
FUND BALANCES – BEGINNING OF PERIOD 892,738 806,880	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u> </u>	23,000	(23,000)	33,000
FOND BALANCIA - BEGINNING OF FERROR	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(30,375)	(30,375)	233,557	(263,932)	85,858
FUND BALANCES - END OF PERIOD 1,126,295 892,738	FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF PERIOD		-	892,738	-	806,880
	FUND BALANCES – END OF PERIOD		_	1,126,295	_	892,738

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GENERAL FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

		1	GENERAL FUND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Year Ended 03/31/22 Actual	Variance With Final Budget (Over) Under	Year Ended 03/31/21 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	a504	244 500	220 501	5.919	238,499
Salaries and wages	244,500	244,500	238,581 1,224	2.113	2,398
Employee benefits	3,337	3,337 5,000	1,224	3,720	2,398
Professional services	5,000	1,500	873	5,720 627	200
Travel and meeting expense	1,500		67,675	1,224,325	56,479
Other administrative expenses	1,292,000	1,292,000	4,048	2,452	4,799
Promotion and publications	6,500	6,500		1,239,156	302,455
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,552,837	1,552,837	313,681	1,239,130	302,433
RECREATION					
Salaries and wages	489,500	489,500	440,497	49,003	466,966
Employee benefits	6,163	6,163	2,259	3,904	6.175
Education/program expense/special events	24,100	24,100	12,607	11,493	17,956
Electricity	47,500	47,500	40,166	7,334	42,250
Telephone	9,000	9,000	9,545	(545)	8,581
Heating fuel	12,500	12,500	15,866	(3,366)	11,519
Motor fuel and supplies	28,500	28,500	37,370	(8,870)	22,442
Alarm systems	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	•
Maintenance and operation:					
General	[1,500	11,500	28,853	(17,353)	9,585
Forest Glen	41,250	41,250	66,106	(24,856)	116,231
Kennekuk	49,800	49,800	42,733	7,067	113,511
Lake Vermilion	16,875	16,875	4,350	12,525	14,848
Concession equipment repairs	1,500	1,500	118	1,382	3,440
Water craft licenses	1,500	1.500	-	1.500	2,500
Wildlife management	2,500	2,500	2,894	(394)	2.773
Solid/waste material	10,600	10,600	7,082	3,518	2,808
Termite contracts	5,700	5,700	5,124	576	4,858
Farming expenses	3,000	3,000	2,867	133	2,439
Dams/spillways	5,000	5,000	720	4,280	<u> </u>
TOTAL RECREATION	767,488	767,488	719,157	48,331	848,882
OTHER					
Concession and vending	19,225	19,225	16,689	2,536	18,670
TOTAL OTHER	19,225	19,225	16,689	2,536	18,670
O - PATT - 1 - (A) (197 - 4 M					
CAPITAL OUTLAY	228,025	228,025	1,005,975	(777,950)	349,145
Capital improvements	228,025	228,025	1,005,975	(777,950)	349,145
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	228,025	240,043	1,005,575	(111,750)	2,3,114

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – INSURANCE & COMPENSATION FUND – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	INSURANCE & COMPENSATION FUND				
•				Variance	
		Original	Year	with Final	Year
		&	Ended	Budget	Ended
	Original	Final	03/31/22	(Over)	03/31/21
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under	Actual
REVENUES RECEIVED					
Tax levy revenues received	200,000	200,000	202,739	(2,739)	194,301
Grant income	_	-	-	-	9,733
Interest income	500	500	246_	254	373
TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED	200,500	200,500	202,985	(2,485)	204,407
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED					
Liability insurance	29,000	29,000	29,511	(511)	26,036
Unemployment compensation	15,000	15,000	2,207	12,793	1,640
Workmen's compensation	15,000	15,000	10,526	4,474	7,969
Health insurance	125,000	125,000	121,847	3,153	123,129
HRA reimbursement	35,000	35,000	25,924	9,076	11,068
TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	219,000	219,000	190,015	28,985	169,842
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(18,500)	(18,500)	12,970	(31,470)	34,565
FUND BALANCE					
- BEGINNING OF YEAR			291,573		257,008
FUND BALANCE					
- END OF YEAR			304,543		291,573

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND Variance Year Year with Final Budget Ended Ended 03/31/21 (Over) Original Final 03/31/22 Under Actual Budget Budget Actual REVENUES RECEIVED (380)24,346 25,380 25,000 Tax levy revenues received 25,000 3,500 3,500 3,500 Corporate replacement tax 3,500 1,991 Grant income 147 190 250 103 Interest income 250 30,027 28,750 28,983 (233)28,750 TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Participating employees contributions: 224 33,639 28,000 27,776 **IMRF** 28,000 224 33,639 28,000 28,000 27,776 TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED

750

750

1,207

133,806

135,013

(457)

(3,612)

137,418

133,806

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE

- BEGINNING OF YEAR

FUND BALANCE

FUND BALANCE

- END OF YEAR

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -FICA FUND - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

			FICA FUND		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Year Ended 03/31/22 Actual	Variance with Final Budget (Over) Under	Year Ended 03/31/21 Actual
REVENUES RECEIVED Tax levy revenues received Grant income Interest income	65,000	65,000	65,928	(928)	63,188 2,991 86
TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED	65,300	65,300	65,996	(696)	66,265
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED Participating employees contributions: FICA Non-participating employees contributions: FICA	55,000	55,000	44,120 4,946	10,880 5, <u>054</u>	47,484
TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	65,000	65,000	49,066	15,934	51,749
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	300	300	16,930	(16,630)	14,516
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			73,210		58,694
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			90,140		73,210

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
	<u> </u>			Variance	
			Year	with Final	Year
			Ended	Budget	Ended
	Original	Final	03/31/22	(Over)	03/31/21
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under	Actual
REVENUES RECEIVED					
Corporate replacement tax	124,025	124,025	124,235	(210)	123,275
Interest income	-	-	52	(52)	88
					<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED	124,025	124,025	124,287	(262)	123,363
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED					
Principal retirement	95,000	95,000	95,000	-	90,000
Interest expense	29,025	29,025	29,025	•	33,075
Miscellaneous expenses	_		400	(400)	400
Minorial access of balloca					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	124,025	124,025	124,425	(400)	123,475
, 6					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	•	-	(138)	138	(112)
			,		
FUND BALANCE					
- BEGINNING OF YEAR			145		257
FUND BALANCE					
- END OF YEAR			7		145

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES March 31, 2022

BUDGET LAW

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In February, the District Board is presented with a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1.
- 2. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally adopted.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds of the District.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash basis. The same basis is used in the financial statements.

LEGAL BUDGETS

A comparison of budget to actual expenditures has been presented for all major funds.

EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES

During the year 2022, expenditures exceeded revenues by \$2,157 in the Audit Fund and \$138 in the Debt Service Fund.

EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended March 31, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control in the General Fund by \$30,375, Insurance Fund by \$18,500, and the Audit Fund by \$1,500.

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, & FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2022 with Comparative Totals for 2021

	AUDIT FUND		
	Year Ended 03/31/22	Year Ended 03/31/21	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	3,857 684	6,697	
TOTAL ASSETS	4,541	6,697	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	
FUND BALANCES Assigned	4,541	6,697	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,541	6,697	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	4,541	6,697	

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	AUDIT FUND					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Year Ended 03/31/22 Actual	Variance with Final Budget (Over) Under	Year Ended 03/31/21 Actual	
REVENUES RECEIVED Tax levy revenues received Corporate replacement tax	10,500 -	10,500	10,707 - 3,311	(207) - (3,311)	10,222 5,000	
Grant income Interest income			4_	(4)	5	
TOTAL REVENUES RECIEVED EXPENDITURES DISBURSED	10,500	10,500	14,022	(3,522)_	15,227_	
Accounting services	12,000	12,000	16,178	(4,178)	11,209	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES DISBURSED NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,500)	(1,500)	<u>16,178</u> (2,156)	(4,178) 656	4,018	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Period			6,697_		2,679	
FUND BALANCE - End of Period			4,541		6,697	

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	AUDIT FUND					
	Original	Final	Year Ended 03/31/22	Variance with Final Budget (Over)	Year Ended 03/31/21	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under	Actual	
ACCOUNTING EXPENDITURES Accounting services	12,000	12,000	16,178	(4,178)	11,209	
TOTAL ACCOUNTING EXPENDITURES	12,000	12,000	16,178	(4,178)	11,209	

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION March 31, 2022

	2021 Taxes Collectible in 2022	2020 Taxes Collectible in 2021 Year Ended March 31, 2022	2019 Taxes Collectible in 2020 Year Ended March 31, 2021	2018 Taxes Collectible in 2019 Year Ended March 31, 2020	2017 Taxes Collectible in 2018 Year Ended March 31, 2019	2016 Taxes Collectible in 2017 Year Ended March 31, 2018
ASSESSED VALUATION	1,016,300,419	978.093.757	<u>956.815.749</u>	931,813,244	895,489,443	<u>873.655.081</u>
TAX RATES. General Fund Insurance Fund Municipal Retirement Fund Audit Fund Social Security (FICA) Fund Total tax rates	.09348 950,038 .01919 195,028 .00246 25,001 .00119 12,094 .00640 65,043	.09369 916,376 .02045 200,020 .00256 25,039 .00108 10,564 	.09264 886,394 .02091 200,070 .00262 25,069 .00110 10,525 .00680 65,063	.08868 826,332 .02522 235,003 .00269 25,066 .00078 7,268 .00698 65,041	.08755 784,001 .03016 270,080 .00280 25,074 .00068 6,089 .00726 65,012	.08660 756,586 .03091 270,047 .00596 52,070 .00075 6,552 .00745 65,087
TAXES CHARGED	1,247,204	1,217,042		1,158,710	1,150,256	1,150,342
DEDUCTIONS: Forfeitures & protests Errors, abatements and delinquent taxes TIF and adjustments Total deductions		4,064 989 819 5,872	7,927 2,294 30,053 40,274 1,146,847	9,694 886 5,171 15,751 1,142,959	4,806 2,789 3,836 11,431 1,138,825	5,210 2,938 5,344 13,492 1,136,850
ADDITIONS: Mobile home tax & TIF Back taxes collected Payment in ficu of taxes and adjustments Total additions TOTAL TAXES RECEIVED		1,067 3,316 17,449 21,832	1,021 1,478 3,544 6,043	1,055 459 2,075 3,589	2,821 577 105 3,503	1,021 3,207 128 4,356 1,141,206
DISTRIBUTION: General Fund Insurance Fund IMRF Fund Audit Fund FICA Fund		928,248 202,739 25,380 10,707 65,928	860,833 194,301 24,346 10,222 63,188	817,659 232,537 24,802 7,192 64,358	778,597 268,219 24,901 6,047 64,564	750,576 267,903 51,657 6,500 64,570

VERMILION COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED YEAR-END FINANCIAL REPORT For Year Ended March 31, 2022

ILLINOIS GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY ACT CONSOLIDATED YEAR-END FINANCIAL REPORT March 31, 2022

CSDA Number	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Total
420-00-2433	Local Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (or Local CURE) & and Economic Support Payments Grants Program	-	3,923	-	3,923
	All Other Costs not Allocated	-		1,688,731	1,688,731
	TOTALS		3,923	1,688,731	1,692,654